

## Overview of UNSCRs on women, peace, and security

Resolution number	Date	Overview of contents
<b>1325</b>	October 2000	Calls for increased representation of women in conflict prevention and management, including as peacekeepers. Mandates incorporating a gender perspective in peacekeeping operations, including DDR and peace agreements. Calls for the protection of women and girls from gender-based violence.
<b>1820</b>	June 2008	Demands an end to all acts of sexual violence against civilians during armed conflict. Urges preventive and responsive actions, including training programmes, enforcing military discipline, vetting armed and security forces, consultation with women's organizations, equal access to justice, and prosecution of perpetrators.
<b>1888</b>	September 2009	Also focuses on prevention and response to sexual violence in armed conflict. Requests the establishment of a Special Representative of the UN Secretary-General on sexual violence in conflict and UN women's protection advisers in peacekeeping missions. Urges legal and judicial reform at the national level and support to victims.
<b>1889</b>	October 2009	Urges women's participation in all stages of peace processes, including political and economic decision-making. Requests the UN Secretary-General to increase the number of gender advisers as well as female UN Special Representatives and envoys. Calls for gender mainstreaming in all post-conflict peacebuilding and recovery.
<b>1960</b>	December 2010	Also focuses on prevention and the response to sexual violence in armed conflict. Requests the UN Secretary-General to establish monitoring, analysis, and reporting on conflict-related sexual violence.
<b>2106</b>	June 2013	Also focuses on prevention and the response to sexual violence in armed conflict. Emphasizes the important role women and women's organizations play in addressing sexual violence and links sexual violence to HIV/AIDS.

<p><b>2122</b></p>	<p>October 2013</p>	<p>Focuses on implementation of the women, peace, and security agenda across the Security Council’s work, with an emphasis on women’s leadership and participation in conflict resolution and peacebuilding. Calls for a high-level review of UNSCR 1325 implementation in 2015.</p>
<p><b>2220</b></p>	<p>May 2015</p>	<p>First thematic resolution exclusively dedicated to SALWs. Highlights the importance of women’s empowerment, including through capacity-building. Calls for women’s participation in all efforts related to countering illicit SALW trafficking, including relevant policymaking, planning, and implementation processes. Urges states to consider the effects of conflict and post-conflict situations on women, particularly with regard to DDR efforts and security sector reform (e.g. women associated with armed forces/groups).</p>
<p><b>2242</b></p>	<p>October 2015</p>	<p>Focuses on the many risks and effects of SALWs on women and girls. Encourages empowering women to participate in the planning, design, and implementation of all related efforts. Encourages states to consider women’s needs and perspectives in peacekeeping operations, and in national planning to counter violent extremism and terrorism. Urges states to improve women’s access to justice in conflict and post-conflict situations. Reiterates UNSG’s zero-tolerance policy on sexual exploitation and abuse, and all forms of gender-based violence.</p>